



# TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

## PRODUCT: A97075 ALUMINUM ALLOY PLATE

7075 is an aluminum alloy with zinc as the primary alloying element. Its alloy's composition roughly includes 5.6–6.1% zinc, 2.1–2.5% magnesium, 1.2–1.6% copper, and less than a half percent of silicon, iron, manganese, titanium, chromium, and other metals. It has excellent mechanical properties, and exhibits good ductility, high strength, toughness and good resistance to fatigue. It is more susceptible to embrittlement than many other aluminum alloys because of micro segregation, but has significantly better corrosion resistance than the 2000 alloys. It is one of the most commonly used aluminum alloy for highly stressed structural applications, and has been extensively utilized in aircraft structural parts.

### PRODUCT BASIC INFORMATION:

<b>Alloy:</b>	<b>7075</b>
<b>Form:</b>	Plate
<b>Temper:</b>	O, T6, T651
<b>Dimension:</b>	Thickness: 6.0mm to 150mm Width: 1,000mm to 2,500mm Length: 3,000mm to 10,000mm
<b>Surface Finish:</b>	Mill Finish
<b>Standard Specification:</b>	GB/T 3880, EN 485, ASTM B209
<b>Application:</b>	General Use

### CHEMICAL COMPOSITION:

Element		Percentage (%)
Aluminum	(Al)	Remainder
Silicon	(Si)	0.40 max
Iron	(Fe)	0.50 max
Copper	(Cu)	1.2~2.0
Manganese	(Mn)	0.30 max
Magnesium	(Mg)	2.1~2.9
Chromium	(Cr)	0.18~0.28
Zinc	(Zn)	5.1~6.1
Titanium	(Ti)	0.20 max
Remainder Each		0.05 max
Remainder Total		0.15 max

**MECHANICAL PROPERTIES:**

Temper	Thickness	Ultimate Strength Rm/MPa	Yield Strength Rp0.2/MPa	Elongation Min.%	Bend Radius (90°)
O	≥ 6.0~12.5mm	≤ 275	≥ 145	≥ 10%	4.0t
	≥ 12.5~75mm	≤ 275	-	≥ 9%	-
T6 T651	≥ 6.0~12.5mm	≥ 540	≥ 460	≥ 8%	12t
	≥ 12.5~25mm	≥ 540	≥ 470	≥ 6%	-
	≥ 25~50mm	≥ 530	≥ 460	≥ 5%	-
	≥ 50~60mm	≥ 525	≥ 440	≥ 4%	-
	≥ 60~80mm	≥ 495	≥ 420	≥ 4%	-
	≥ 80~90mm	≥ 490	≥ 390	≥ 4%	-
	≥ 90~100mm	≥ 460	≥ 360	≥ 3%	-
	≥ 100~120mm	≥ 410	≥ 300	≥ 2%	-
≥ 120~150mm	≥ 360	≥ 260	≥ 2%	-	

**PHYSICAL DATA:**

Density (20°C):	2,810	kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Melting Point:	532°C	
Thermal Expansion (20°C ~100°C):	23.4 x10 <sup>-6</sup>	/K
Modulus of Elasticity:	72.4	GPa
Thermal conductivity (Temper T6):	130	W·m <sup>-1</sup> ·K <sup>-1</sup>
Electrical Resistivity (Temper T6):	0.0522 x10 <sup>-6</sup>	Ω .m
Conductivity (Temper T6):	33	%IACS
Magnetic performance:	No	
Color:	Silver	
Odour:	No	

**TOLERANCE ON FORMS AND DIMENSIONS :**

Thickness Tolerance:	Thickness	Width			
		≤1250mm	>1250~1600mm	>1600~2000mm	>2000~2500mm
	≥ 6~8mm	± 0.35mm	± 0.40mm	± 0.40mm	± 0.50mm
	> 8~10mm	± 0.45mm	± 0.50mm	± 0.50mm	± 0.55mm
	> 10~15mm	± 0.50mm	± 0.60mm	± 0.65mm	± 0.65mm
	> 15~20mm	± 0.60mm	± 0.70mm	± 0.75mm	± 0.80mm
	> 20~30mm	± 0.65mm	± 0.75mm	± 0.85mm	± 0.90mm
	> 30~40mm	± 0.75mm	± 0.85mm	± 1.00mm	± 1.10mm
	> 40~50mm	± 0.90mm	± 1.00mm	± 1.10mm	± 1.20mm
	> 50~60mm	± 1.10mm	± 1.20mm	± 1.40mm	± 1.50mm
	> 60~80mm	± 1.40mm	± 1.50mm	± 1.70mm	± 1.90mm
	> 80~100mm	± 1.70mm	± 1.80mm	± 1.90mm	± 2.10mm
	> 100~150mm	± 2.10mm	± 2.20mm	± 2.50mm	± 2.60mm

Width Tolerance:	Thickness	Width		
		≤ 1000mm	> 1000~2000mm	> 2000~2500mm
	≥ 6~12mm	+ 6mm	+ 7mm	+ 8mm
	> 12~50mm	+ 6mm	+ 7mm	+ 9mm
	> 50~150mm	+ 8mm	+ 8mm	+ 9mm

Length Tolerance:	Thickness	Length			
		≤ 2000mm	> 2000~3000mm	> 3000~4000mm	> 4000
	≥ 6~150mm	+ 7mm	+ 8mm	+ 9mm	+ 10mm

Flatness Tolerance:	Thickness	Total Deviation %		
		On Length	On Width	Partial Deviation
	≥ 6~50mm	≤ 0.2%	≤ 0.4%	≤ 0.3%
	> 50~150mm	≤ 0.2%	≤ 0.2%	By agreement

Lateral Curvature Tolerance:	Width	Lateral Curvature Tolerance for Specified Length			
		≤ 2000mm	> 2000~3000mm	> 3000~5000mm	> 5000mm
	≤1250mm	≤ 4mm	≤ 7mm	≤ 10mm	≤ 0.2% of Specified Length
	>1250~1500mm	≤ 3mm	≤ 6mm	≤ 8mm	
	>1500~2000mm	≤ 3mm	≤ 6mm	≤ 7mm	
	>2000mm	-	≤ 5mm	≤ 6mm	

Squareness Tolerance:	Length	Squareness Tolerance for Specified Width			
		≤ 1000mm	>1000~1500mm	>1500~2000mm	> 2000mm
	≤2000mm	≤ 6mm	≤ 7mm	≤ 8mm	-
	>2000~3000mm	≤ 7mm	≤ 7mm	≤ 9mm	≤ 10mm
	>3000~3500mm	≤ 7mm	≤ 8mm	≤ 10mm	≤ 10mm
	>3500~5000mm	≤ 8mm	≤ 10mm	≤ 10mm	≤ 12mm
	>5000mm	≤ 12mm	≤ 12mm	≤ 15mm	≤ 15mm

## OTHER PROPERTIES:

<b>Principal Design Features</b>	The 7075 alloy is capable of high strength as developed by heat treating. It also has excellent properties at low temperatures.
<b>Machinability</b>	It is best to machine this alloy in the annealed condition. Machining capability is good and oil lubricants should be used.
<b>Forming</b>	This alloy is comparatively strong for an aluminum alloy. As such it produces greater spring back during forming operations. Forming is best done in the annealed condition and if difficulty is encountered then warming the material to 200 - 250 F will assist formability.
<b>Weldability</b>	Resistance welding is the only preferred method of joining AL 7075 alloy. Gas welding should be avoided and use of arc welding may result in degradation of corrosion resistance.

<b>Heat Treatment</b>	This alloy may be solution annealed at 482°C for 2 hours at temperature, followed by a water quench. The alloy may then be given a precipitation hardening (aging) heat treatment -- see "Aging".
<b>Hot Working</b>	Warming the material to 121°C will greatly assist formability.
<b>Cold Working</b>	Cold working is readily accomplished with the alloy in the soft, annealed, condition. Conventional forming methods may be used, but spring back is greater for this alloy than for other of the aluminum alloys.
<b>Annealing</b>	The temperature for annealing AL 7075 alloy is 413°C, holding at temperature for 3 hours. Controlled cooling at 10°C per hour should then be used down to 260°C from which it can then be air cooled.
<b>Aging</b>	Precipitation strengthening (aging) is done at 121°C for 24 hours and air cooled for T 6. The T73 temper requires heating to 107°C for 8 hours followed by 24 hours at 163°C and air cooling.
<b>Hardening</b>	Hardens by precipitation heat treatment -- see "Aging".

## APPLICATIONS

### Typical Applications

Typical uses. Aircraft structural parts and other highly stressed structural applications where very high strength and good resistance to corrosion are required. Precautions in use. Caution should be exercised in T6 temper applications where sustained tensile stresses are encountered, either residual or applied, particularly in the transverse grain direction. In such instances, the T73 temper should be considered, at some sacrifice in tensile strength.

## PACKAGING, HANDING & STORAGE:

### Package:

Packed in waterproof Kraft, fastened by steel straps on wood pallets, suitable for handling, loading and unloading from the trunks or containers, suitable for export ocean forwarding.

### Handling:

Prevent the goods hurting the people who are moving, loading, unloading, especially pay attention to the rolling and dropping for the coils.

### Storage:

Stored in indoor area on plain floor, free away from moisture, water, snow, animal oils and dye wastes, avoid storing with acid or basic chemical goods.

